

Cervical lymphadenitis

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Cervical lymphadenitis is common owing to infection or inflammation in the oral and nasal cavities, pharynx, larynx, ear, scalp and face. Acute lymphadenitis The affected lymph nodes are enlarged and tender, and there may be varying degrees of general constitutional disturbance such as pyrexia, anorexia and general malaise. The treatment Wilhelm Friedrich von Ludwig , 1790–1865, Professor of Surgery and Midwifery , Tübingen, Germany . for example tonsillitis or a dental abscess. Chronic lymphadenitis Chronic, painless lymphadenopathy may be caused by TB in - young children or adults or be secondary to malignant disease, most commonly from a squamous cell carcinoma in older individuals. Lymphoma and/or HIV infection may also be present in the cervical nodes. Summary box 52.16 - Causes of cervical lymphadenopathy /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF - /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF /uni25CF -

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