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References

Bipolar disorder CHAPTER 2 References

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13. Carvalho AF, et al. Rapid cycling in bipolar disorder: a systematic review. *J Clin Psychiatry* 2014; 75:e578–e586. Table 2.8 Recommended treatment strategy for rapid-cycling bipolar disorder. Step Suggested treatment Step 1 Withdraw antidepressants in all patients^{10,11} (some controversial evidence supports continuation of SSRIs^{12,13}) Step 2 Evaluate possible precipitants e.g. alcohol, thyroid dysfunction (including antithyroid antibodies¹⁴), external stressors¹⁵ Step 3 Optimise mood stabiliser treatment^{16–19} (using plasma levels) and Consider combining mood stabilisers e.g. lithium + valproate, lithium +

lamotrigine, valproate + carbamazepine or go to Step 4 Step 4 Consider other (usually adjunctive) treatment options (alphabetical order; preferred treatment options in bold8) Aripiprazole^{20,21} (15–30mg/day) Clozapine²² (usual doses) ECT²³ Lamotrigine^{24–26} (up to 225mg/day) Levetiracetam²⁷ (up to 2000mg/day) Lurasidone^{28,29} (40–120mg/day) Nimodipine^{30–32} (180mg/day) Olanzapine³³ (usual doses) Quetiapine^{34–37} (300–600mg/day) Risperidone^{38,39} (up to 6mg/day) Thyroxine^{40,41} (150–400mcg/day) Topiramate⁴² (up to 300mg/day) Transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS)^{43,44} The choice of drug is determined by patient factors – there are few comparative efficacy data to guide choice at the time of writing. Quetiapine probably has the best supporting data^{34–36} but it has similar efficacy to aripiprazole or olanzapine. Supporting data for levetiracetam, nimodipine, thyroxine and topiramate are relatively limited. Clozapine has a clear role in treatment-resistant bipolar disorder,⁴⁵ a definition that might include rapid cycling, in which it shows some acute and long-term efficacy.^{22,46}

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